

# Health & Fitness

## Essentials of a Healthy and Pain Free Back



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### Definition of Back Care

Back care consists of any of several approaches used to restore or maintain a healthy, pain-free back.

### Description of Back Care

Low back pain is a major problem in our society. Up to 90 percent of all Americans will have a problem with back pain at some time in their lives. They will spend approximately five billion dollars annually for relief.

Each year, some 200,000 back surgeries are performed, and hundreds of thousands of prescriptions are written for medications to relieve low back pain. It is estimated that one-third of all workmen's claims and 60 percent of all long-term disability payments are used for the care of back injuries. It is no wonder there is an increasing interest in the prevention and management of low back pain.

### Causes and Risk Factors of Back Care

The major reason low back pain is not a simple problem to solve is that each individual's situation is unique. Pain may be the result of any combination of factors, such as day-to-day activities, lifestyle, level of fitness, nutritional status and even, the aging process. The complexity of the problem means that there is no one simple solution. Patients usually must make changes in their lifestyle and work together with various health care professionals to find solutions.

### Symptoms of Back Care

Pain and spasm of muscles in the lower back is the hallmark of back pain. This can occur after standing, stooping, bending, lifting, or after sitting in a chair for too long a time. Examination will often reveal point tenderness, but not always. Occasionally, pain is diffusely localized over the entire lower back.

Back pain is usually referred to as acute if it has been present for less than a month and chronic if it lasts for longer than a month. Young people are more likely to have brief acute episodes of back pain and chronic pain is more characteristic of older people.

Back pain occurs equally often in men and women.

### Diagnosis of Back Care

Diagnosis of low back strain syndrome is based upon a combination of history, clinical findings and x-ray results.

### Treatment of Back Care

The Agency for Health Care Policy and Research issued a clinical practice guideline on acute low back problems for adults, which offered a number of recommendations and suggestions, including the following:

- Medicine often helps relieve low back symptoms. The type of medicine your health care provider recommends depends on the symptoms and how uncomfortable you feel. If the symptoms are mild to moderate, you may get relief from an over-the-counter medication such as acetaminophen, aspirin or ibuprofen.

- If the symptoms are severe, your health care provider may recommend a prescription drug.
- For most people, medicine works well to control pain and discomfort, but any medicine can have side effects. Also, many medicines prescribed may cause people to feel drowsy, so they should not be taken if you need to drive or operate heavy equipment.
- Heat or cold applied to the back may help. Within 48 hours after the first back symptoms appear, you may want to apply a cold pack (or a bag of ice) to the painful area for five to 10 minutes. If the symptoms last longer than 48 hours, you may find that a heating pad, hot shower or bath helps to relieve your symptoms.
- If the pain is coming from a bulging disc causing nerve inflammation, an injection of steroid medication may be beneficial. Typically, specialized equipment including X-ray is used to confirm the placement of needle close to the bulging disc region in the spine. A steroid injection may resolve the problem entirely. However, in severe cases, a combination of physical therapy and an injection may be effective.
- Spinal manipulation (using the hands to apply force to the back and "adjust" the spine) can be helpful for some people in the first month of low back symptoms. It should be performed only by a professional with experience in manipulation. You should go back to your health care provider if your symptoms have not responded to spinal manipulation within four weeks.

### Prevention of Back Care

There are a number of specific measures that can be taken to ensure a healthy back. These include the following:

- Exercise regularly. Low-impact aerobic exercises protect the back by keeping muscles strong and supple. It also tones abdominal and thigh muscles, which help take the strain off the back. Swimming is the best exercise for the back, because the weightless environment puts no pressure on the spine. Brisk walking and bicycling are also recommended.
- Lift objects properly. The key is to bend at the knees, not the back. Tuck in your buttocks and pull in your abdomen. Bring the object close to your body. As you stand, put the burden on your thigh muscles, not your back.
- Maintain good posture. Stand with the back straight, pelvis tucked, shoulders down, head erect and chin tucked in. Poor posture increases pressure on the discs in the spine, stresses muscles and stretches ligaments so that they are unable to provide adequate leverage when lifting.
- Avoid sitting too long. No other position puts as much pressure on the back muscles and discs.
- Find a chair that supports your lower back or roll up a towel to use as back support.
- If standing for long periods, change your position often. Prop one foot on a stool, ledge or telephone book if possible.
- Avoid infrequent bursts of activity. This is especially important if you have a sedentary job or lifestyle.
- Push instead of pull. If you have a choice between pushing and pulling an object, push it. That allows the leg muscles to power the job.
- When driving, use the lumbar support in your car seat. You can make a makeshift support by rolling up a towel and putting it behind the small of your back.

- Sleep in a healthy position. The best sleep positions are on your back with a pillow under your knees or on your side with knees bent and, if desired, a pillow between them.
- Adjust your desk or workstation to a comfortable height.
- Women should wear high-heeled shoes as little as possible.

### Questions To Ask Your Doctor About Back Care

What tests need to be done to diagnose the problem or the extent of the injury?

How serious is the injury?

If there is injury to the back, what treatment is needed?

How effective is this treatment?

Are there any alternative treatments?

How long will it take to improve the condition?

We at Northwest Suburban Pain Center are working hard to answer the above questions and make a difference for these patients, and to create a standard for interventional chronic pain management. The types of pain services offered range from pain specific nerve blocks to fully implantable intrathecal opioid pumps and spinal cord stimulators. We remain committed to bring to you the state of art techniques of pain management, including minimally invasive percutaneous intradiscal therapies for back pain, continue to develop outcome measure protocols that will demonstrate the effectiveness and safety of these techniques. In all cases, we emphasize towards a complete and personal approach to pain management with a target to get the patient back to an active and productive lifestyle.

As we head towards the start of our 8th year in operation, we look forward to develop comprehensive interventional pain therapy plans for our patients with our clinical colleagues. We offer consultation and same day procedures, thus eliminating any waiting time between any appointments. If you would like more information on Pain Management, please call Dr. Bukhalo or me at 847-255-0900.

Our office is located in the Busse Center for Specialty Medicine at the campus of Northwest Community Hospital, Arlington Heights. Located on the third floor, our office is handicapped accessible and offers access to convenient, sheltered parking.

### A Personal Approach to Pain Management



The Northwest Suburban Pain Center offers the most advanced clinical techniques and medications for treating a broad range of painful conditions. We focus on diagnosis and treatment of chronic pain with emphasis on getting the patient back to a more active and productive lifestyle.

Call 847.255.0900 to schedule an appointment.

### Northwest Suburban PainCenter

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